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# Recommendations Guidance Services for Developing Self-Regulated Learning for Adolescent Students: Systematic Review of Literature

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**Abstract:** Adolescents with good self-regulation skills can easily control and regulate themselves cognitively, emotionally, and behaviorally. They will complete their developmental tasks obediently, disciplined, and comply with existing rules. In addition, they will not play truant, will not create riots, and will not be late in completing their tasks. This research uses a systematic literature review method with a qualitative approach. This method aims to discover, evaluate, and interpret research results related to a particular research question, subject, or phenomenon of interest. This research's results illustrate that classical and group guidance services are considered effective interventions for students in self-regulated learning research. In the ten-year research period, there is much research on self-regulated learning in middle school to high school or teenage students.

**Keywords:** guidance services, self-regulated learning, adolescent students

#### INTRODUCTION

Self-regulation is the capacity possessed by students to plan, monitor, and direct their behavior to change situations (Brown, 1998);(Islami, 2022). In line with that, Hidayat et al. (2016) (Sari & Satwika, 2022) explain self-regulation in learning, a contributive process students carry out when determining their learning goals. This process includes efforts to regulate and control their behavior, cognition, and motivation while considering how their environment influences achieving these goals. Then (Zimmerman, 2000);(Latipah, 2015) states that self-regulation in learning can help develop mental skills and academic strategies.

In one of the senior high schools (SMA), there is a phenomenon of students having difficulty organizing themselves while studying. They often feel sleepy in class so it is difficult to focus and understand the lesson(Harahap, 2023). Pujiatin (2004) stated that most students were not familiar with effective learning methods or strategies, in line with the results of research by Wangid (2006) which stated that there were still many students who did not have independence and motivation from within themselves regarding the learning process. The results of a preliminary study conducted in February 2018 at Bandung City State Vocational High Schools (SMK) showed several complex problems related to the learning process. These problems include students with low learning achievement, learning difficulties, and needing more self-regulation in learning. These results are shown by students' academic achievements, which are generally classified as low(Yuningdartie, 2023). From these findings, students at the high school level, mostly teenagers, still do not have a strong inner drive to learn and do not have good learning strategies.

Teenagers with good self-regulation skills will easily control and regulate themselves cognitively, emotionally and behaviorally. They will carry out their developmental tasks with responsibility discipline, and obey the rules. They will also not play truant, cause riots, or late completing assignments (Rahman, 2022). Understanding the benefits of learning for the future and how to manage a consistent study schedule through guidance services at school are two ways to help teenage students develop self-regulated learning. As a method of preventing problems, classical guidance services can be used (Mukhtar et al., 2016). However, all students can get classical guidance services at school, because classical guidance services are aimed at students who experience problems and aim to prevent students from experiencing problems. Who do not experience problems can understand academic responsibilities (Wiantisa et al., 2022) and can further develop regulations for learning for students. This article aims to discuss classical guidance services to develop students' self-regulated learning through the Systematic Review method.

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#### **METHOD**

This research uses a systematic literature review method with a qualitative approach. Systematic Literature Review is a research method used to find, evaluate, and understand research results relevant to certain research questions, subjects, or phenomena (Kitchenhamm, 2024).

#### a. Research Question

Research Questions (RQ) are created based on the selected research topic. Below are the research questions in this study:

Research Question (RQ1) What techniques are often used for Self Regulated Learning interventions from

2013 - 2023?

Research Question (RQ2) Who are the participants in the self-regulated learning research from 2013 – 2023?

### a. Data Search Techniques

The process of searching for research data is through searching onGoogle Scholar search database https://scholar.google.com, National Library (National Library) -https://ejournal.perpusnas.go.id, ResearchGate www.researchgate.netand SpringerOpen –www.springeropen.com with a research period from 2013 to 2023.

#### b. Inclusion dan Exclusion Criteria

This stage is carried out to determine the eligibility criteria for a literature study, namely a stage to determine whether the data found in this research is suitable for use or not:

- 1) The data used is research data from 2013 to 2023
- 2) The data used is only related to self-regulated learning
- 3) The data obtained comes from the Google Scholar search site -https://scholar.google.com, National Library (National Library)-https://ejournal.perpusnas.go.id,ResearchGate-www.researchgate.netandSpringerOpenwww.springeropen.com
- 4) Data relating to self-regulated learning is categorized into inclusion studies, and data relating to self-regulated learning but not referring to Q1 and Q2 will be categorized into exclusion studies

#### Data Analysis C.

At this data analysis stage, the data that has been collected will be evaluated using a qualitative systematic review approach. This approach will synthesize qualitative descriptive research findings (Siswanto, 2010):

- 1) Use of techniques in self-regulated learning interventions (according to Q1)
- 2) Participants/research subjects in self-regulated learning research (according to Q2)

#### RESULT AND DISCUSSION

In total, there were 57 journals obtained through literature search activities. After selecting data based on inclusion and exclusion criteria, there were 36 relevant journals based on research questions (Q1 and Q2).

#### Q1.What techniques are often used for Self Regulated Learning interventions from 2013 – 2023?

Based on the research periodization, in the 2013 to 2016 period, intervention techniques were found in the form of modeling techniques in group guidance and classical guidance services. Furthermore, in the 2017 to 2020 period, intervention techniques in self-regulated learning research focus more on group guidance services using mapping, self-management and problem solving techniques. In the 2021 to 2023 period, Project Based Learning (PJBL) techniques and discussions on classical guidance services and group guidance were found. This research's results illustrate that classical and group guidance services are considered effective interventions for students in self-regulated learning research.



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#### Q2. Who are the participants in the self-regulated learning research from 2013-2023?

In the research period from 2013 to 2023, the trend of research on self-regulated learning in adolescents is increasing. Especially in the period 2021 to 2023 or after the pandemic, as proven by journal inclusion and exclusion studies. From 2013 to 2016, the research participants were junior high school students at YASPI Middle School and State Middle School 13 Semarang. In the research findings from 2017 to 2020, the research participants were more varied: students from Muhammadiyah Middle School Semarang, SMP Negeri 1 Padang, and SMA Kartika III-1 Banyubiru. In the ten-year research period, there is much research on self-regulated learning in middle school to high school or teenage students

PERIODISASI	PENULIS	TOPIK	INTERVENSE YANG DIGUNAKAN (Q1)	PARTISIPAN (Q/)	HASIL
2013 2016	Meida, A. Justitia, D. 8 Tjella, A. (2015).	Pengaruh Metode Modelling Dalam Layeruan Klasikal Terhadap Peningkatan Self Regulated Learning.	Birribingsin Klasskal Merode Modelling	Stowa kelias VIII SMP YASPI yang beguntah 225 sitrea	Layanan Nasikali menopunakan metode modelling berpenganuh secara sayufikan tamadap peningkatan self negulahad leaming sisawa
	Khafidhoh, L. & Purwanto, E. (2015).	Pengembangan Modal Bimbingan Kelompok Dengan Teknik Modeling Untuk Meningkafkan Seri-Pegulated Learning Pada Siswa Smp N 13 Semarana	Bintongon Kalompok Teknik Modelling	112 street settes. VII SMF* N 13 Sernarang	palaksansen bimbingan kelompok dengan teknik modeling efektik dalam meningkatan komampuan self- regulated keming sisara.
3017 - 3620	Rinjani, V. R. (2019).	Efektofitas Layanan Birebingan Kelempok Telesik Africa Magaping dalam Meningkafikan Self-Pegulahari Learning padia Siswa Di SAPIN 4 Ngapilik	Bimbingan Fatoripok. Teknik Mind Mapping	20 sizes SMP N 4 Ngaglis	layanan birmbingan kalompok teknik mind magjung terbukti eleksti dalam meningkalkan self regulated diseming pada situas di SMIP N 4 Nasilik
	P00004, A. (2019).	Layonan Birebingan Kelompok dengan Taknik Self Alecogemourd untuk Mengembangkan Regulasi Diri Slowa Kelas VIII.	Einnbingan Kalompan dengan Teknik Self Management	20 stores SMP Mahammadiyah 3 Semiarang	hispaniah birnbingan haknik dengan saknik dengan saknik dengan pelansi peningkatan terhadap kemanguan regulasi den sisara kelas viti SASP tikuhanimangan 3 Semanang
	Warn, E. S., & Fernan, F. (20020).	Elektiffian Layaman Birnbingan Keterapoli Dutan Peningkatan Self Regulated Learning Stawa Pengguna Game Online	Barabingan Kelompek	situs pengguna game online helas VII dan VIII SMPN 1 Padang	Terdapat peringkatan dielt Regulated Learning sisas Online sehslah diberikan layanan bindangan layanan bindangan layanan bindangan
	Asic, A. (2021).	Phendithas Layaran Bandingan Keliceppok dengan Teknik Problem Dohning untuk Bereduksi Panlaku Agredi Pada Anak Desa Jirakah Kecanadan Tanasa Katunadan Demalany	Elembingser Kebompok dengan Teknik Problem Sohiing	104 storps kerbs XI SPS-T SMA Kurtika SH-T Barryubbru	Injuries Dembengan Isakongok dengan takenik problem ankeng efestal dalam meningkatkan regulesi din dalam 195-1 SMA Kartika SI-1 Banyubini
2021 2023	Herlyanti, I. P., & Bhakti, C. P. (2022)	Strategi Layanan Bimbingan Klasikal Biended Learning Berbasis Project Based Learning Untuk Meningkatkan Self Regulated Learning Siswa.	bimbingan klasikal blended learning berbasis project based learning	Study Literature	Bendesankan banyak penelitian project based learning dapat meningkatkan kemarpusan self regulated featning.
	Fransiska, I. A., Handayani, A., & Ajie, G. R. (2023).	Layanan Bimbingan Kelompok Teknik Didusukan Belajar Didusukan Belajar Regulasi Diri Belajar pada Siswa Kelas X SMA Negeri 2 Pemalang Journal on Education, 5(3), 8261-8269	Kelompok Teknik Diskusi	a Siswa Kelas X SMA Negeri 2 Pensalang	televisk diskusi dapat mencentbangkan regulasi din belajar pada-strava kelasi X 384A Necon 2

## PROCEEDING OF THE $2^{\text{ND}}$ SILIWANGI ANNUAL INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON GUIDANCE COUNSELING (SAICGC)

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Table 2. Excluded Literature Ortiona

WPER Puopitasani, A. (2613). Self Regulated Learning Difinjau Dari Gost	EXCLUSION REASON Svan birtingen
Orientation: Educational Psychology Journal, 2(1)	
Hussa, A. N., & FRIEDA NESt, F. N. (2017). Regulasi Del Mahasiswe Serprestasi. Jumal Psikologi Universitas Diponegoni.	Tidak spesifik binbinga
Cassidy, S. (2011). Self-Regulated Learning in Higher Education. Identifying Key	But an biretingen den
Component Processes. Studies in Higher Education, 36(8), 989-1000	MATTER A
Mulyana, E., Mojidin, M., & Bashori, K. (2015). Peran Motivasi Belajar, Self-Efficacy, Dan Dukungan Sosial Keluanga Terhadap Self-Regulated Learning Pada Sosia. PSIKOPEDAGOGIA Jumal Bimbingan Dan Konseling, 4(2), 165.	Butan timbingan
Proadbent, J., & Poon, W. L. (2015). Self-Regulated Learning Strategies & Academic Achievement in Online Higher Education Learning Environments. A Systematic Review. The internet and higher education, 27, 1-13.	Titak specifik berbinga
Marsab, A. (2015). Marriahami Regulasi Diri. Sebuah Tinjauan Konseptual. In Seminar ASEAN Psycology & Humanity (pp. 8-9).	Bukun bimbingan dan remase
Dinata, P.A. C., Rafusianta, R., & Zalraddin, M. (2016). Self Regulated Learning	Bullan birekingan dan
Sebagai Strategi Membengan Kemandirlan Pesarta Clidik Dalam Menjawab Tantangan Noad 21. In Prosiding SNPS (Seminar Nasional Pendidikan Sains) (Vol. 3, pp. 139- 146).	mnaa
Nangid, M. N. (2017): Efektivitas Tutor Sebaya Dan Pekerjaan Rumah Dalam Kerengkatkan Self-Regulated Learning Stova, Jurnal Kependidikan, 1(2), 306-319	Tidak spesifik timbinga
Nibouro, N. E., & Nashori, H. F. (2017). Self Regulation And Aggressive Behavior On Asle Adolescence. Jurnal RAP (Riset Aktual Psikologi Universitas Negeli Padang). ICT).	Sukan birrbingan
Danii, Z. A., & Parikaes, P. (2018). Regulani Diri Dalam Belajar Sebagai Konseksen. Diencies: Jumal Peneltian dan Pengembangan Peneldikan, 1(1), 82-95.	Buran bimbingan
Jtami, R. J. (2015). Elektritas layanan Informasi menggunakan permainan untuk meningkatkan self regulated learning. Menara firsu, 12(1).	Buten bentingen
DI, R. L. P. U. R. (2018). HUBUNGAN KEMANDIRIAN DENGAN SELF REGULATED EARNING PADA USIA REMAJA DI PONDOK PESANTREN AL MADINA. SAMARINDA.	Tidak spesifik timbinga
Madine, S. R., & Bustamum, N. (2018). Regulari Diri Dalam Belajar Piela Stova SMA. Diribus Dari Persepsi Terhadap Pola Asuh Orang Tua. JMBK: Jumal Ilmish Mahasiswa Smbingan & Kenseling, 3(1).	Tidak specifik berdinga
Reimann, P. (2021). Methodological progress in the study of self-regulated learning	Suxan birribingan dan remala
enables theory advancement. Learning and Instruction, 72, 101265. Diesel, M., Schmitz, B., Schober, B., Spiel, C., Ziegler, A., Engelschalk, T., & Steuer, G. (2015). Competencies For Successful Self-Regulated Learning In Higher Education: Structural Model And Indications Drawn From Expert Interviews. Studies in Higher	Sukan bintingan dan remasa
Februarion, 4(X3), 454-479. Inseel, M., Sichmitz, B., Schober, B., Spiel, C., Ziegler, A., Engelschalk, T., & Stewer.	Bukan terrengan dan
<ol> <li>(2015): Competencies For Successful Self-Regulated Learning In Higher Education: tructural Model And Indications Drawn From Expert Interviews. Studies in Higher Iducation, 40(3), 454-470.</li> </ol>	remain
BILL A. (2020). MENINGKATKAN SELF-REGULATED LEARNING DENGAN COMPUTER ADED INSTRUCTION (CAI) PADA MATER: SOLUSI FUNGSI INEAR. JURNAL PENEL/TIAN PENDIDIKAN MIPA, 5(1), 8-15	Tidak spesifik birrbingan
IATNAWATI, R. I. W. (2021). Pengembangan Modul Online Zat Add Dengan Self- tegulated Learning Untuk Meningkatkan Hasil Belajar Stowa. CENDERIA: Jurnal Ilmu Pengetahuan, 1(3), 193-202.	Busin biribingan
Roseanto, A. N. P. (2021). Perbedaan Self-Regulated Learning Sinns Antara Pondoli.	Dutan birrbingan
*ecamben Dengan Sokolah Konversional JARNAI (SLAMIKA GRANAI)A, 2(1), 1-13. *atiwl, C. (2021). Teknik Reticral Emotive Behavior Therapy sebagai Salah Satu. Spaua Meningkatkan Kemampuan Self Regulated Learning: Jurnal Kailan Dan	Titlet specific remaps
Respectivelyan Ursat, 4(1)	
Sumbang, G. S. (2022), Pengembangan Panduan Konseling Singkat Berfokus Solusi intuk Meningkatkan Self-Regulated Learning Sissus SMP di Kota Kediri. Jumal Bikoletik Birrolingan dan Konseling: Teori dan Praktik), 6(2), 52-61	Total specific tembingan
intropped D (2027) Self Filtrary day Self Dominted Learning parts since sekolah	Tidak spesifis bimbingan
seriengeh serbena, Psikoshnannika, Armal Librasi Psikolog, 2(2), 112-121 estari, W. Malmurah, M. & Ricca, V. SELF REGULATED LEARNING OF POCATIONAL STUDIENTS IN MATHEMATICS LEARNING DURING COVID-19 WNDEWIC, Jurial Pendidikan Malematika dan IFA, 13(1), 91-191.	Tidat specifit binkingar
Iodriguez, S., González-Suárez, R., Vieltes, T., Pifieiro, I., & Disz-Freire, F. M. (2022). iell-regulation and students well-being. A systematic review 2010– 926. Suntamability, 14(4), 2345.	Duken birribingen den remaja
Noti, C. E., Hebra, H., & Kardo, R. (2023). Efektivitas Rancarigan Programs lengembangan Self Regulation Berbasis Teknologi Informasi dalam Meningkatkan lemampuan Mengelola Emosi (Studi pada Peserta Didk di Kelas XI SMKN 2 ladansi). Journal on Education, 5(4), 14132-14140.	Total specific tembergan
ioerjoatmodjo, G. W. L. (2023). Mengembangkan Regulasi Dki pada Silova WK. Jurnal Pelayanan dan Pengabdan Masyarakat (Panas), 7(2), 194-204.	Butan tertingan
tarahap, D. P. (2023). Meningkatkan Self Regulated Learning pada Sieva Melalui Brategi Setajar Berdasar Regulasi Diri. Journal on Education, 5(3), 7856-7868.	Bukan birrbingan
Resemble L. (2023). PENGENBANGAN BURU PANDUAN KOKSELING BEHAVORAL DENGAN TERDIK MODELING LINTUK MENINGKATKAN SELF REGULATED LEARNING SISWA SMA (Doctoral dissertation, Universitan Pendidikan	Eusan birrbingan



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So the novelty that can be taken from research on self-regulated learning in adolescents is using classical guidance services as an intervention. Furthermore, classical guidance services are a form of service in the guidance and counseling program whose implementation is scheduled. Classical guidance is given to all students as assistance by guidance and counseling teachers or school counselors. (Budiman & Arif, 2017). Classical guidance services provided to students can be used as a preventive measure, because classical guidance services are not only provided by students who have problems, but students who do not have problems can also understand their responsibilities academically.

#### CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of the systematic literature review from 2013 to 2023, it can be concluded that:

- 1. Classical guidance services can be used as an intervention in self-regulated learning research because they are considered effective in developing students self-regulated learning.
- 2. In the last ten years, self-regulated learning research has focused mostly on middle school, high school, or teenage students.

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